Bird Survey (Five Valleys Audubon Society)

Location Name: Corso, Bi-Lo, Isbell Properties
Date: 6-23-17 Start Time: 0715 Duration: 4.0 hours
Observers: Rose Leach, Rose Stoudt, Cynthia Hudson,
Robert Zirl, Roger Hogan, John Brock, Jim Brown
Weather: sunny, temperature 55-70 degrees

Species	Number Observed		Status
	Corso	Isbell	
Wood Duck	1f		b
Gadwall		2: 1m,1f	b
Mallard	4: 3m,1f		b
Cinnamon Teal		11: 5y	B
Northern Shoveler		1m	b
Ring-necked Duck	1m	13: 1f, 9y	B
Hooded Merganser*	8:1f, 7y		B
Common Merganser	1		b
Ring-necked Pheasant	2m	1m	b
Great Blue Heron	2		t
Osprey	3		b
Bald Eagle	1		t
Red-tailed Hawk	5		b
American Kestrel	8		b
Sora		1	b
American Coot	3y		b
Killdeer	5	2	b
Spotted Sandpiper	15		b
Eurasian-collared Dove		2	b
Mourning Dove	7	2	b
Great Horned Owl	1		b
Calliope Hummingbird**	6: 4m,2f		b
Belted Kingfisher	3		b
Lewis's Woodpecker**	17	1	B
Red-naped Sapsucker*	12		B
Downy Woodpecker	6		b
Northern Flicker	28	1	B
Pileated Woodpecker*	1		b
Western Wood Pewee	31		B
Willow Flycatcher**	5		b
Eastern Kingbird	25	2	B
Warbling Vireo	1		b
Black-billed Magpie	15		B
Common Raven	1		t
Tree Swallow	80	6	b
N. Rough-winged Swallow	8		B
Bank Swallow	10		B

Barn Swallow	1		t
Black-capped Chickadee	11		b
Red-breasted Nuthatch	6		b
White-breasted Nuthatch	5		b
House Wren	35	7	B
Western Bluebird	1		b
American Robin	20	3	b
Gray Catbird	8	2	b
Eurasian Starling	58	2	b
Cedar Waxwing	5		b
Common Yellowthroat	2	2	b
Yellow Warbler	21		b
Yellow-rumped Warbler	3		b
Chipping Sparrow	2		b
Savannah Sparrow	16		b
Song Sparrow	16		b
Black-headed Grosbeak	1		b
Red-winged Blackbird	32	10	b
Brown-headed Cowbird	15		b
Bullock's Oriole	4		b
Pine Siskin	3		t
American Goldfinch	19	3	b

Notes:

* denotes Montana FWP species of conservation concern.

** denotes Nationwide species of conservation concern

m= male, f=female, y=young birds, ducklings

Breeding Status:

B—direct evidence

1. Occupied nest—adults entering or leaving nest site; adult incubating or brooding.
2. Recently fledged young, incapable of flight or downy young of limited mobility.
3. Adults attending young—feeding, carrying food or fecal sac.
4. Used nest or eggshell found, evidence must be convincing.
5. Nest with clearly identifiable young.

b—indirect evidence

1. Singing males or territorial birds in suitable habitat during breeding season.
2. Courtship behavior or copulation
3. Adults visiting a probable nest site.
4. Agitation behavior, distraction display, or anxiety call from adult.
5. Nest building
6. Physiological evidence such as brood patch.

t—no evidence of breeding: transients, migrants or wide-ranging species.